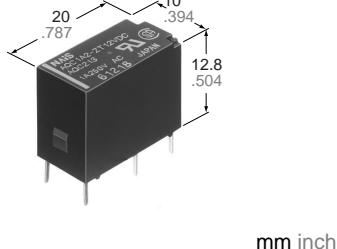


# NAIS

## AQ-C SOLID STATE RELAY

## AQ-C RELAYS



### FEATURES

- Compact DIL type: 20 mm (length) × 10 mm (width) × 12.8 mm (height) (.787×.394×.504 inch)
- Excellent in noise resistance
- Snubber circuit integrated
- High dielectric strength: 2,500 V between input and output
- Reverse polarity type available

### TYPES

#### 1. Input module

Type	Output voltage	Input voltage	Part No.
AC input	4 to 32 V DC	80 to 250 V AC	AQCD3-IM 100/240 V AC
DC input	4 to 32 V DC	3 to 32 V DC	AQCD3-IM 4/24 V DC

#### 2. Output module

Type	Load voltage	Input voltage	Part No.
AC output Zero-cross	75 to 125 V AC	5 V DC	AQC1A1 - ZT5 V DC
		12 V DC	AQC1A1 - ZT12 V DC
		24 V DC	AQC1A1 - ZT24 V DC
	75 to 250 V AC	5 V DC	AQC1A2 - ZT5 V DC
		12 V DC	AQC1A2 - ZT12 V DC
		24 V DC	AQC1A2 - ZT24 V DC
AC output Non Zero-cross	75 to 125 V AC	5 V DC	AQC1A1 - T 5 V DC
		12 V DC	AQC1A1 - T 12 V DC
		24 V DC	AQC1A1 - T 24 V DC
	75 to 250 V AC	5 V DC	AQC1A2 - T 5 V DC
		12 V DC	AQC1A2 - T 12 V DC
		24 V DC	AQC1A2 - T 24 V DC
DC output	3 to 60 V DC	5 V DC	AQC1AD1- 5 V DC
		12 V DC	AQC1AD1- 12 V DC
		24 V DC	AQC1AD1- 24 V DC

### ORDERING INFORMATION

AQC 1A D1 — ZT 5VDC — R

Load current	Load voltage	Type	Input voltage	Input polarity
Nil: Input module 1A: Output module	1: 75 to 125 V AC (Output module) 2: 75 to 250 V AC (Output module) D1: 3 to 60 V DC (Output module) D3: 4 to 32 V DC (Input module)	Nil: DC output IM: Input module T: AC output Non Zero-cross ZT: AC output Zero-cross	Output module: 5, 12, 24 V DC Input module: 4/24 V DC, 100/240 V AC	Nil: Standard polarity R: Reverse polarity (Only for output module)

Standard packing: Carton: 50 pcs.; Case: 500 pcs.

### SPECIFICATIONS

**Rating** [at 20°C 68°F; Input voltage ripple (output module) and output voltage ripple (input module): max. 1%]

1. Input module

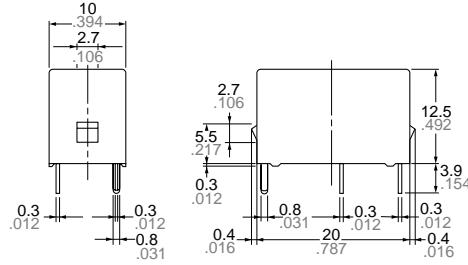
Item	Type	AC input	DC input	Remarks
		AQCD3-M 100/240 V AC	AQCD3-IM 4/24 V DC	
Input side	Input voltage	80 to 250 V AC	3 to 32 V DC	
	Input current	Max. 5 mA	Max. 5 mA	
	Pick-up voltage	Max. 80 V AC	Max. 3 V DC	
	Drop-out voltage	Min. 10 V AC	Min. 1 V DC	
Output side	Load voltage	4 to 32 V DC	4 to 32 V DC	
	Load current	0.1 to 25 mA	0.1 to 25 mA	
	Max. "OFF-state" leakage current	Max. 5µA	Max. 5µA	When 32 V DC applied
	Max. "ON-state" voltage drop	Max. 1.6 V	Max. 1.6 V	at max. carrying current



# AQ-C

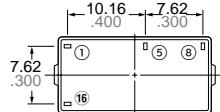
## DIMENSIONS

### 1. Input module (AC, DC)



AC input  
 ⑤...Output: DC –  
 ⑧...Output: DC +  
 ⑯...Input: AC  
 ①...Input: AC  
 Case color: Yellow

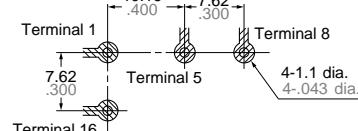
DC input  
 ⑤...Output: DC –  
 ⑧...Output: DC +  
 ⑯...Input: DC +  
 ①...Input: DC –  
 Case color: White



General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

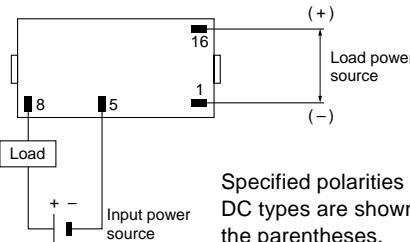
mm inch

### PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



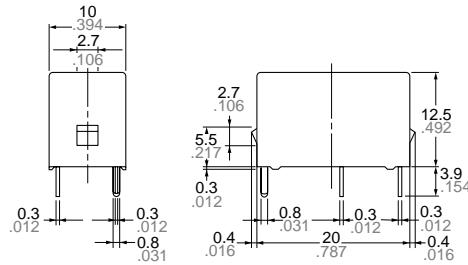
Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

### Schematic



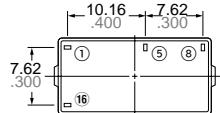
Specified polarities for DC types are shown in the parentheses.

### 2. Output module (AC, DC)



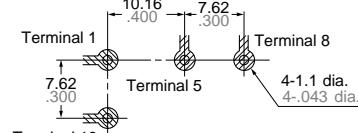
AC output  
 ⑤...Output: AC  
 ⑧...Output: AC  
 ⑯...Input: DC +  
 ①...Input: DC –  
 Case color: Black

DC output  
 ⑤...Output: DC –  
 ⑧...Output: DC +  
 ⑯...Input: DC +  
 ①...Input: DC –  
 Case color: Red



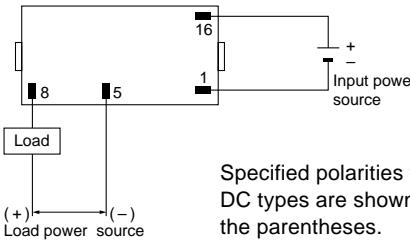
General tolerance:  $\pm 0.5 \pm .020$

### PC board pattern (Copper-side view)



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$

### Schematic



Specified polarities for DC types are shown in the parentheses.

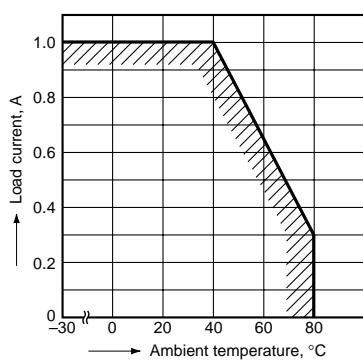
## ACCESSORY



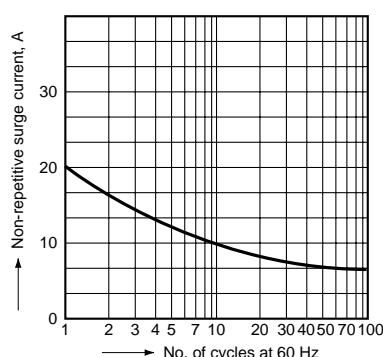
PCIA-PS

## REFERENCE DATA

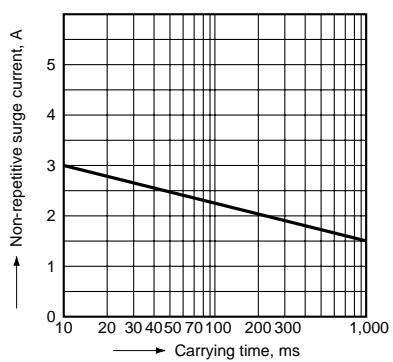
### 1. Load current vs. ambient temperature



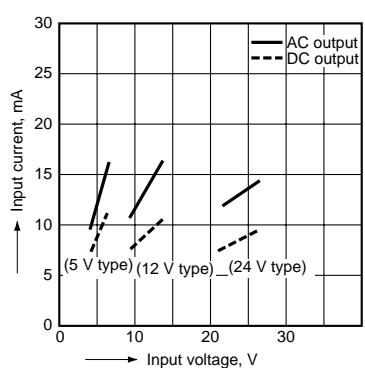
### 2.-(1) Non-repetitive surge current vs. carrying time (AC output)



### 2.-(2) Non-repetitive surge current vs. carrying time (DC output)

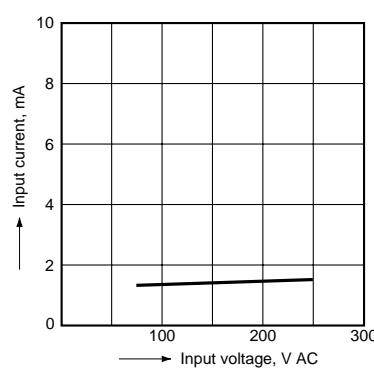


3. Input voltage vs. input current characteristics  
(AC/DC output)



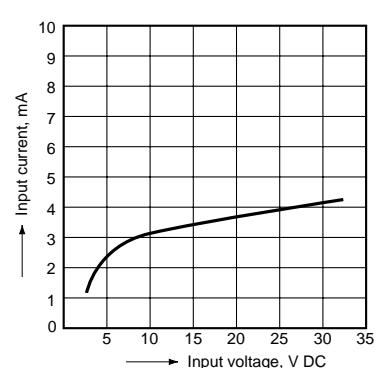
4.-(1) Input voltage vs. input current characteristics (AC input)

Tested sample: AQCD3-IM100/240 V AC, 5 pcs.

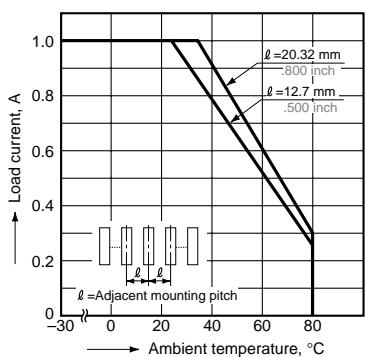


4.- (2) Input voltage vs. input current characteristics (DC input)

Tested sample: AQCD3-IM4/24 V DC



5. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics for adjacent mounting



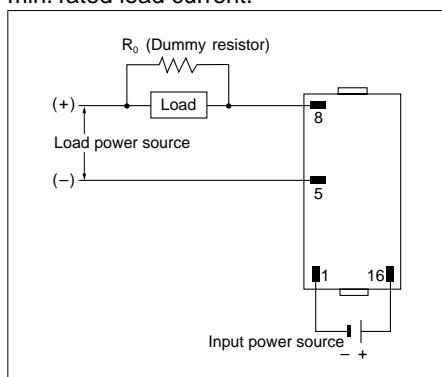
## NOTE

**When used for the load less than rated**

In the case of the load current less than rated, malfunction may result from the residual voltage across the both ends of the load even if the solid state relay is turned off.

Use a dummy resistor as a countermeasure.

The total of the current through the resistor and the load current must exceed the min. rated load current.



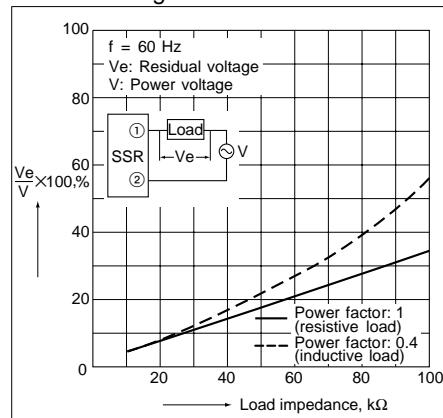
In case the dummy resistor is not used, keep in mind that the residual voltage becomes as follows:

Example:

For the inductive load by the 5 mA load current and the 200 V AC load voltage, the load impedance becomes 40 kW and  $V_e/V = 16\%$  is estimated from the below graph.

Accordingly, the 32 V voltage remains across the both ends of the load when the solid state relay is turned off.

- Characteristics of load impedance vs. residual voltage



## For Cautions for Use, see Page 634 to 637.